

# **CYDL Longitudinal Project: Justice and Solicitor General**

Presented by:

Christine Werk, Michael Stansberry, and Dawn Chalas

January 27, 2017

#### **Justice and Solicitor General**

- Justice: courts
- Solicitor General: police and correction services

#### **Process**

 Police contact, offence(s), extrajudicial sanctions, remand, trial, sentencing (custody and/or community), probation



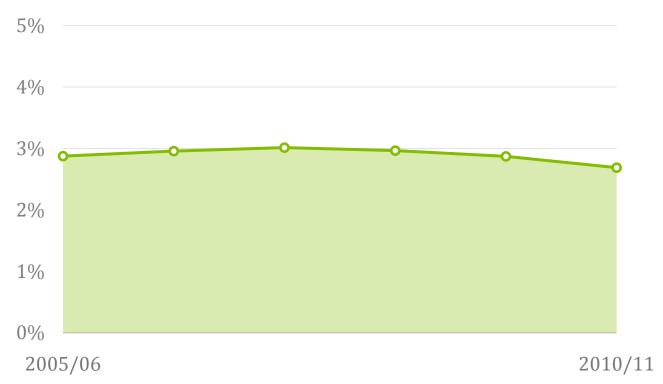
## **Sample Concepts**

- Criminal offences
- Number of offences
- Offence type (Property, drug, violent, administrative, other criminal)
- Corrections involvement (youth/adult)
- Court outcome (Extrajudicial sanctions, not sentenced, custody, non-supervised, supervised)



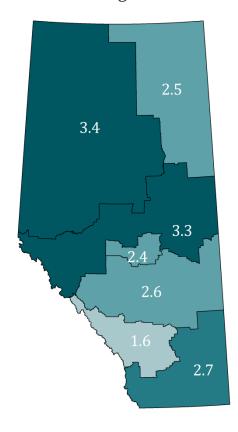
## **Criminal offences**

Percentage of Albertans aged 12 to 25 with criminal offences over time



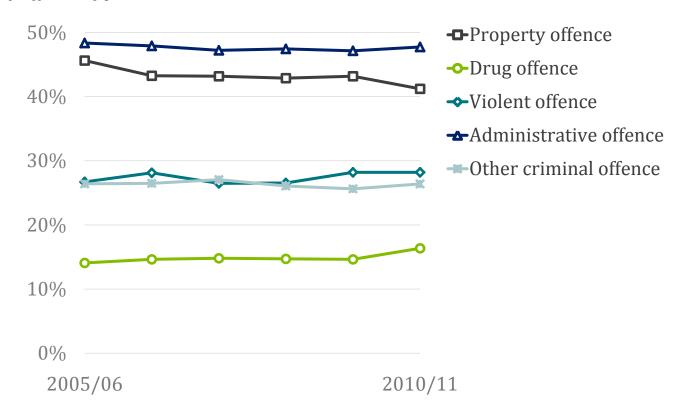
# Region of residence

Percentage of Albertans aged 12 to 25 with criminal offences in 2010/11, by Human Services region



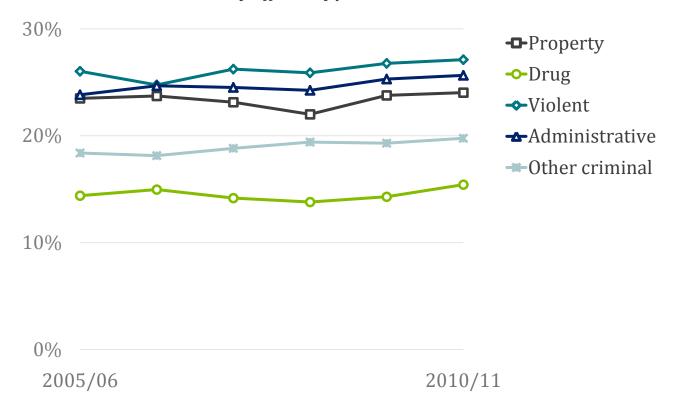
# Offence type

Percentage of Albertans aged 12 to 25 with at least one criminal offence, by offence type over time



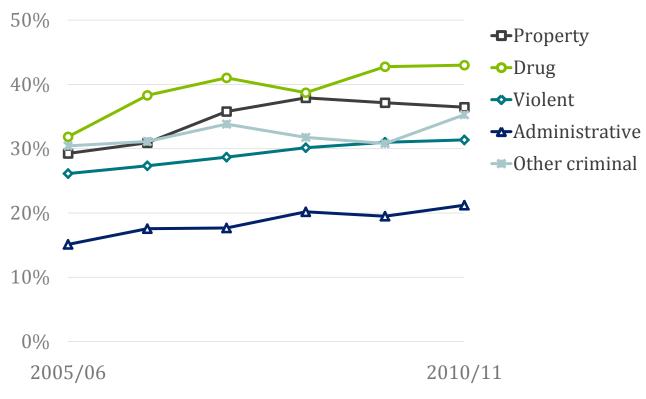
#### Mental health service

Percentage of Albertans aged 12 to 25 with at least one criminal offence who used a mental health service, by offence type over time



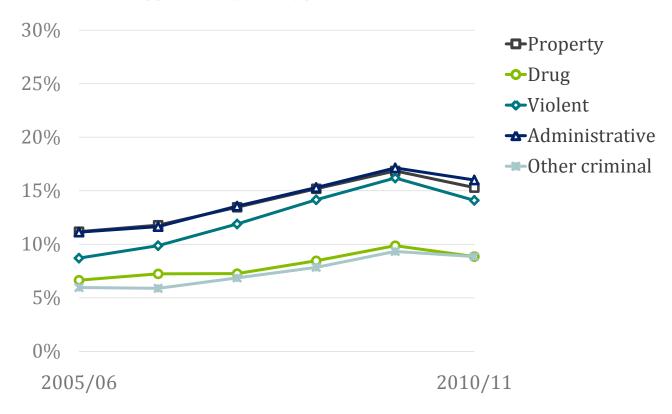
#### **Educational achievement**

Percentage of Albertans aged in grades 3 to 12 with at least one criminal offence who were meeting or above educational expectations, by offence type over time



# **Income Support**

Percentage of Albertans aged 18 to 25 with at least one criminal offence who received Income Support, by offence type over time



#### **Corrections Involvement and AISH**

U.4%

4.9%

2.1%

8.1%

4,369

69.683

29,288

115,084

עעץ

Corrections: Community
Corrections: Custody

Offence Charges

Download the linkage tables

Matrix overview

Program overlap summary



3.1% of individuals in Corrections: Custody matched to an individual in AISH
855 of 27,934 age overlapping individuals.

AISH: Assured Income for Severely Handicapped

# Summary of Findings: Individuals Charged with an Offence

- The proportion of youth and young adults with criminal offences who were female increased over time 21 to 24%).
- The proportion of individuals with criminal offences who were meeting or exceeding educational expectations increased over the study period (31 to 38%).
- Youth with administrative offences were the least likely to be meeting or above educational expectations, compared to youth with other offence types.
- Compared to other offence types, individuals with drug-related offences tended to be older, lived in better socio-economic areas, and moved between residences less.
- 29.6% of individuals receiving Income Support, and 19.6% of Income Support Learners had offences, compared to 7.2% to 9.3% in the general population.



## **Summary of Findings:**

#### Individuals Charged with an Offence cont...

- A lower proportion of individuals with drug-related offences were high cost health users, performed below educational expectations, or received services for a mental health condition, Child Intervention, or Income Support compared to individuals with other offence types.
- Child Support Services dependents, applicants, and respondents have high rates
  of involvement in the justice system. The offence rates for dependents,
  applicants, and respondents were 15.7%, 25.1%, and 43.2%, respectively.
- English as a Second Language students' involvement in the justice system was lower than the general Alberta population (e.g., 3.4% had an offence during the study period, compared with 6.8% in the population of the same age).



## Summary of Findings: Individuals with Corrections Involvement

- Youth and young adults in community corrections had high rates of overlap with Income Support (21.5%), and Income Support Learners (23.0%) during the study period. Percentages for the population were 5.3% and 8.6%, respectively.
- Youth and young adults in community corrections had similar overlap with registration in K to 12 education (65.9%) as all those of the appropriate age in the Health Care registry (66.8%) but post-secondary enrolment was relatively low (17.9%, compared to 31.6% in the health care registry).
- Individuals with community corrections involvement made up 30.3% of Child Support Services respondents, 21.8% of Income Support recipients, 17.6% of Child Support Services applicants, 13.6% of Child Support Services Dependents, 13.5% of Income Support Learners, and 14.2% of Assured Income for the Severely Handicapped clients during the study period.



## **Summary of Findings:**

#### Individuals with Corrections Involvement cont...

- Almost a third of youth and young adults involved in custodial corrections were using Income Support services (31.9%), compared with 5.3% in the general population of the same age. One in four individuals custodial corrections were students with special needs during the study period (24.8%), 53.6% were enrolled in K to 12 education and 15.8% were enrolled in post-secondary during the study period; the respective percentages for the population were 11.7%, 66.8%, and 31.6%, respectively.
- Justice and Solicitor General expected a higher rate of linkage between custodial corrections and Assured Income for the Severely Handicapped (3.1%), because they are aware that many corrections clients have disability needs that would qualify them for the program.



## **Upcoming Reports**

- Youth corrections profile
- Adult corrections profile
- Violent offenders
- Criminal pathways
- High volume offenders



#### **Guiding Questions**

- Which findings might be relevant to your ministry/branch policy or program priorities?
- What other analysis should the CYDL pursue with this data?/What future research directions could we take?





mobilizing evidence to inform policy

cwerk@policywise.com

https://visualization.policywise.com/P2dashboard